



**JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY: KAKINADA**  
**KAKINADA – 533 003, Andhra Pradesh, India**

**DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING**

<b>III Year – I Semester</b>		<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>C</b>
		<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>1.5</b>
<b>CONCRETE TECHNOLOGY LAB</b>					

**Course Learning Objectives:**

- To study basic properties ingredients of concrete, fresh and hardened concrete properties

**Course Outcomes:**

Upon successful completion of this course, student will be able to

- Determine consistency and fineness of cement.
- Determine setting times of cement.
- Determine specific gravity and soundness of cement.
- Determine compressive strength of cement.
- Determine workability of cement concrete by compaction factor, slump and Vee – Bee tests
- Determine specific gravity of coarse aggregate and fine aggregate by Sieve analysis.
- Determine flakiness and elongation index of aggregates.
- Determine bulking of sand.
- Understand non-destructive testing procedures on concrete.

**List of Experiments:** At least 10 experiments must be conducted (at least one for each property)

1. Determination of normal Consistency and fineness of cement.
2. Determination of initial setting time and final setting time of cement.
3. Determination of specific gravity and soundness of cement.
4. Determination of compressive strength of cement.
5. Determination of grading and fineness modulus of Coarse aggregate by sieve analysis.
6. Determination of specific gravity of coarse aggregate
7. Determination of grading and fineness modulus of fine aggregate (sand) by sieve analysis.
8. Determination of bulking of sand.
9. Determination of workability of concrete by compaction factor method.
10. Determination of workability of concrete by slump test
11. Determination of workability of concrete by Vee-bee test.
12. Determination of compressive strength of cement concrete and its young's modulus
13. Determination of split tensile strength of concrete.
14. Non-Destructive testing on concrete (for demonstration)

